

1

It's my life!

Talk about life choices and events

In this unit we will...

- Life choices and events
- talk about life choices and events
- learn how to agree and disagree
- talk about our generation

1



6



7



8



It's your life

2



3



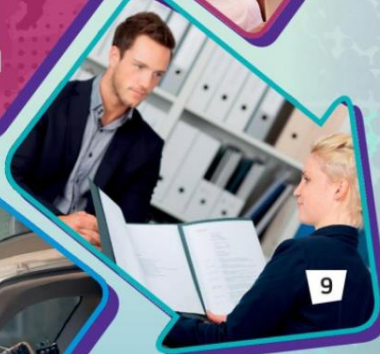
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10



9



Vocabulary Life choices and events

- 1 **Think back** Put the ages and life stages in the box in order from the youngest to the oldest.

in your twenties child in your early forties
teenager in your late thirties

- 2 **006** Match the expressions with the pictures. Then listen, check, and repeat.

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> share a house / an apartment | <input type="checkbox"/> leave school |
| <input type="checkbox"/> get your driver's license | <input type="checkbox"/> get a job |
| <input type="checkbox"/> do an internship / an apprenticeship | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> get engaged | <input type="checkbox"/> go traveling |
| <input type="checkbox"/> take final exams | <input type="checkbox"/> leave home |
| <input type="checkbox"/> go to university / college | |



Look!

go to university NOT ~~go to the university~~

- 3 **Pairwork** Put the expressions in exercise 2 in what you think is the most logical order. Then compare with a partner. Do you agree? When is a good age to do each of these things?

What do you have for number 1?

I have "get your driver's license" because you can get this when you are 18.



Fun fact

In the U.S., you can get married in places that aren't churches or government buildings. There are museums, theaters, stores, treehouses, waterfalls, and lots of other unusual places with marriage licenses. So, you never know where you might see a wedding!



Life events

- 4 007 Complete the phrases with the verbs in the box. Then listen, check, and repeat.

do earn do move get start have get apply

- 1 children
- 2 a business
- 3 a course (in ...)
- 4 a degree / qualification (in ...)
- 5 married / divorced
- 6 volunteer work
- 7 for college / a job
- 8 house / to a different country
- 9 lots of money

- 5 Complete the mind map with the expressions from exercises 2 and 4. Some expressions can go under more than one heading.

Study

Work

Relationships /
Family

Other

Can you add any other life choices or events to the mind map?

- 6 **Pairwork** Ask and answer questions about your future using *will*. Do you have anything in common?

Do you think you will have children?

Yes, I think I'll have two or three children. /
No, I don't think I'll have children.

Challenge

Imagine you have a crystal ball. Write five questions using *will* to ask the crystal ball about your future.

Will I be famous?

Study strategy

Language immersion without traveling

Doing a language course abroad is a great way to improve your English, but it can be expensive. Here are some ways to simulate English-language immersion without leaving home:

- Change the language setting on your phone.
- Watch / listen / read: online videos, podcasts, blogs.
- Use language-learning apps and games.
- Find a conversation partner or group.

Liam's vlog



Step 1

- 1 Would you like to go traveling abroad when you finish high school? Why? / Why not?

Step 2

- 2 008 **Watch or listen** Complete the sentences with: *Liam or Joe*.

- 1 is traveling right now.
- 2 is studying right now.
- 3 has just finished a course.
- 4 wants to do a course.

- 3 008 **Decide if the sentences are true (T) or false (F).**

- 1 Liam's cousin, Joe, is in Argentina. ☐
- 2 Joe started a new job last year. ☐
- 3 Liam wants to be an actor when he's older. ☐
- 4 Liam would like to go traveling and then do a Film Studies course. ☐
- 5 Liam doesn't want to leave his parents' home. ☐

Step 3

- 4 **Pairwork** Ask and answer the questions.

- 1 Do you spend much time thinking about what you'll do when you finish school? Why?
- 2 Is there an older person in your life who has had a good life? Why? What did the person do after he / she left school? What is he / she doing now?

Check it out!

Check the meaning of these phrases.

up to your eyes in I mean
a big deal I can't wait!

Four things you can look forward to in the 21st century

When people predict the future, they often focus on the negatives and everyone gets depressed. But cheer up*! Our experts assure us that there will be a lot to look forward to as the 21st century continues.

1 ☐

The way to get qualifications **might** become more flexible. Many universities already offer courses online, and "e-learning" **will probably** become more common. Universities may not need campuses because everyone could take a distance course. One thing is certain: access to education will be easier, and that's good news for everyone.

2 ☐

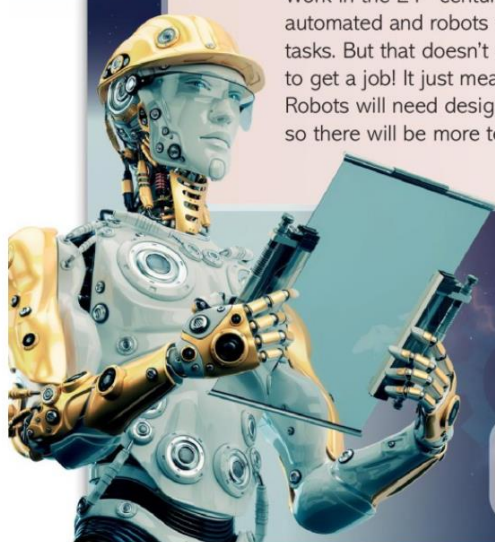
Work in the 21st century will become more automated and robots will do lots of the repetitive tasks. But that doesn't mean that you won't be able to get a job! It just means that jobs will change. Robots will need designers and technicians, so there will be more technological jobs.

3 ☐

If you don't have a driver's license yet, don't panic. It **may not** be necessary. Experts predict that automated—or "driverless"—cars **will** become the norm this century. This means that there will be fewer traffic accidents. With fewer accidents, there might be fewer traffic jams* on the roads and less air pollution, too!

4 ☐

You might get married and have children later than previous generations, but you'll probably live longer, too! Experts believe that people will smoke less and eat better in the future, and science and technology will help us cure serious diseases.



* cheer up = Don't be sad!
* traffic jams = long lines of traffic moving very slowly

Talk about probability

1 Make some predictions using **will**.

- 1 Who will win the next World Cup?
- 2 What will be the most popular movie or song this year?
- 3 Will you live to be 100 years old?
- 4 Do you think life will be easier in the future?

2 009 **Read and listen** Match the headings a–d with the paragraphs 1–4 in the text. Then listen and check.

- a Family and health
- b Education
- c Transportation
- d Employment

3 Check (✓) the predictions that are true according to the article.

- 1 ☐ People might not have a campus to go to.
- 2 ☐ It will become easier to get a college education.
- 3 ☐ Robots will do more of our work for us.
- 4 ☐ Robots won't need any help from people.
- 5 ☐ There will be more cars without drivers.
- 6 ☐ Pollution in towns and cities will get worse.
- 7 ☐ People won't get married.
- 8 ☐ Our health will be better.

may, might, will

Degrees of certainty

- 4 Complete the chart with the **highlighted** words in the text.

may, might, will: degrees of certainty	
(0%)	won't
(25%)	probably won't
(50%)	may / <input type="text"/> / <input type="text"/>
	<input type="text"/> / might not
(75%)	<input type="text"/>
(100%)	<input type="text"/>

Think

Choose the correct alternatives.

- We use *might (not)* and *may (not)* + base form to talk about future situations ¹ **that are possible but not certain** / **that are not possible and not certain**.
- We use *will / won't* + base form to talk about future situations that we think are ² **certain** / **uncertain**.
- We don't usually use *may / might* to ask about possibility.

Do you think life will be easier in the future?

NOT Might life be easier in the future?

Rules p.W2

- 5 Complete the sentences using the verbs in the box and the words in parentheses.

not go move do say share

- That college course seems really interesting. I it next year. (may)
- Lucas is going to ask Ana to marry him. But she no! (might)
- Mathew lives in L.A. I a house with him if I go to college there. (may)
- Ben has a lot of homework, so he to Madison's party. (might)
- My dad has a new job. We to Mexico! (might)

- 6 Choose the correct alternatives.

- I haven't seen that movie before, but you **might** / **will** enjoy it.
- I don't know if he speaks English. He **won't** / **may not** understand us.
- We **'ll** / **may** probably be late!
- You **'ll** / **might** definitely pass your test!
- The store **will** / **may** be open tomorrow, but I'm not sure.

- 7 **Pairwork** Discuss what you might do next summer.

What do you think you'll do next summer?

We might go to the beach.

Uses of get

- 8 **Real English** Match the words with the pictures. Then listen, check, and repeat.

<input type="text"/> a present	<input type="text"/> lost	<input type="text"/> home
<input type="text"/> better	<input type="text"/> a coffee	<input type="text"/> to school
<input type="text"/> an email	<input type="text"/> a driver's license	

- a *get = buy / obtain*



- b *get = arrive*



- c *get = become (+ adjective / comparative)*



- d *get = receive*



- 9 Match the words in the box with the different meanings of *get* (a–d) in exercise 8.

a qualification divorced a sandwich a bus ticket
a phone call to the party angry to the airport
some good news

- 10 **Pairwork** Ask and answer questions using *get* and *may / might / will*. Use the prompts.

- you / a new cell phone
- you / married
- you / a driver's license
- you / a job

Do you think you will get a new cell phone?

Yes, I'll definitely get a new one.

Challenge

What else do you think will happen in the next century? Think about food, free time, sports, and fashion. Make predictions and find out who agrees with you in the class.

Vocabulary: Life choices and events C p.10

1 Complete the phrases with the words in the box.

a business volunteer work for a job lots of money
a qualification in chemistry children house married
a course in computing divorced



1 do _____



2 have _____



3 do _____



4 start _____



5 earn _____



6 get _____



7 get _____



8 get _____



9 apply _____



10 move _____

2 Choose the correct alternatives.

- When are you going to apply **at/for** college?
- Did you **get/go** a job in the same restaurant?
- I'm not **going/taking** my final exams until the summer.
- Izzy and Pablo both **left/went** to university in New York.
- I'd like to **share/go** a house with friends next year.
- Fabio is **moving/changing** to a different country!
- We're **going/leaving** school at the end of this year.
- Olly is **sharing/doing** an internship with a big company this summer.

Grammar: *may, might, will*: Degrees of certainty C p.13

3 Choose the correct alternatives.

- You **add/don't add** an -s to the third person singular of *may* and *might*.
- You use *may* and *might* to talk about **possibility/certainty** in the future.
- The short form *mayn't* is **often used/isn't used**.

4 Complete the sentences with 'll, will, or might.

- I'm tired. I _____ stay at home tonight. I don't know.
- She _____ go to the movies tomorrow. I'm not sure.
- I promise I _____ never do it again!
- Kathy _____ come to our house, but it isn't definite.
- I think they _____ probably buy a new laptop.
- Don't wait for me! If you do, you _____ definitely be late.
- I'm sure Oscar _____ do my homework for me.
- A What are they doing this Easter?
B I don't know. They _____ go on vacation.

- 5 Look at the pictures of the finalists in a cake-making competition. Choose the correct alternative and complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.

taste come win come like taste like come

Jamie and Martha **might not / won't come** last.

- Mary's cake **will / probably won't** worse than Hugh's.
- Sophie **will / might** third.
- Diego doesn't like losing so he **will probably / probably won't** coming fifth!
- Delia **might not / will** sixth.
- People **may / probably won't** Martha's cake more than Jamie's.
- Ernesto's cake **will probably / probably won't** better than Mary's.
- Jamie **won't / may not** .



Defining relative clauses C p.16

- 6 Complete the dictionary definitions with a relative pronoun from the box.

which who which whose which where

- driv-er's li-cense** /'draɪvəz, 'laɪns/ *noun* a card shows you can drive
- qual-i-fi-ca-tion** /'kwɒləfə'keɪʃn/ *noun* something you get when you pass an exam or complete a training course
- mov-ie di-rec-tor** /'muvi də'rektər; daɪ-/ *noun* a person job involves supervising people when making movies
- col-lege** /'kɒlɪdʒ/ *noun* a place you can study for a degree
- ap-pren-tice-ship** /ə'prentɪʃ,ʃɪp/; /ə'prentɪʃ,ʃɪp/ *noun* a period of time you spend working in order to learn how to do a job
- pres-i-dent** /prezə'dənt/ *noun* the person is leader of the government (in some countries)

Which of the above relative pronouns could be replaced with *that*?

- 7 Check (✓) the sentences in which you can omit the relative pronoun.

- ☐ I love the laptops that they sell in that store.
- ☐ She's wearing the dress that she bought on Saturday.
- ☐ He was the man that invented the Internet.
- ☐ That's the woman who I met yesterday.
- ☐ She's the girl who always runs to school.

Uses of *get* C p.13

- 8 Choose the phrase that does not belong. Give reasons for your choice.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| <input type="text"/> | get some water | get home | get to school |
| 1 | get engaged | get a job | get cold |
| 2 | get a present for someone | get some jeans | get home |
| 3 | get to school | get fit | get home |
| 4 | get a coffee | get angry | get tired |
| 5 | get a present from someone | get to the gym | get a text message |
| 6 | get upset | get excited | get a postcard from your best friend |